INTERNAL EXAMINATION (SEMESTER V), 2022

Physiology Honours (PHYA)

Date: 13/12/2022 Time: 11 am-1 pm (2 hours)

Paper-CC11 (Special Senses)

Full marks: 10

Answer any 10 from the following:

10X1=10

- 1. What is Argyll-Robertson Pupil?
- 2. State Weber-Fechner's law.
- 3. What is myopia? How can it be corrected?
- 4. What is blind spot?
- 5. State the Ferry –porter law and mention its significance.
- 6. What is tip-link?
- 7. Distinguish between anosmia and hyposmia.
- 8. What do you mean by positive after image?
- 9. What is conductive deafness?
- 10. State Steven's power law.
- 11. State the location and function of Muller cell in retina.
- 12. What is after taste? Give a suitable example.
- 13. What is Umami sensation?
- 14. What is glaucoma?
- 15. What are olfactory glomeruli?

Paper-CC12 (Endocrinology) Full marks: 10

Answer any 10 from the following:

10X1=10

- 1. What are somatomedins?
- 2. What do you mean by short-loop feedback inhibition? Give one example.
- 3. What are the functions of gastrin?
- 4. Name the different zones of adrenal gland.
- 5. What is the cause of Cushing syndrome?
- 6. What is the physiological significance of peripheral conversion of thyroxine (T4) to triiodothyronine (T3)?
- 7. Why ketosis develops in diabetes mellitus?
- 8. What is Wolf-chaikoff effect?
- 9. Differentiate between acromegaly and gigantism.
- 10. What is pheochromocytoma?
- 11. What is reverse T₃?
- 12. Mention the differences of Type-I and Type-II diabetes mellitus.
- 13. Name the GI hormones secreted from stomach and ileum.
- 14. What is the source of parathormone?
- 15. Mention any one function of melatonin.

INTERNAL EXAMINATION (SEMESTER V), 2022

Physiology Honours (PHYA)

Date: 14/12/2022 Time: 11 am-1 pm (2 hours)

Paper-DSE-A 1 (Biostatistics) Full marks: 10

- 1. Define ordinal variable. Give example.
- 2. How mean median and mode are mathematically related?
- 3. What is standard score?
- 4. Write down the regression equation of Y on X.
- 5. What do you mean by distribution free test?
- 6. What is Null hypothesis?
- 7. Name the test used for comparing the means of more than two groups of a sample.
- 8. Mention one advantage and one disadvantage of using mean value.
- 9. What is random sampling?
- 10. How is the significance of 't' is determined?
- 11. What is kurtosis?
- 12. What is meant by prediction statistics?
- 13. What is a pie diagram?
- 14. What do you mean by standard error of mean?
- 15. What do you mean by degree of freedom?

Paper-DSE-B1 (Work, Exercise and Sports Physiology) Full marks: 10

- 1. What do you understand by 'steady state' of exercise?
- 2. What do you mean by lactate threshold?
- 3. What are positive and negative works?
- 4. Define Ponderal Index.
- 5. What are the benefits of warm up?
- 6. What is the importance of work rest cycle?
- 7. What are ergogenic aids? Give example.
- 8. Define static work.
- 9. What is VO2 max? What are the normal values of VO2 max in sedentary adults?
- 10. State the modifications of the Original Harvard Step Test in Indian context.
- 11. What is 'Second Wind'?
- 12. What do you mean by 'acceptable workload'?
- 13. What is somatotype?
- 14. What do you understand by work organization?
- 15. What are the components of EPOC?
- 16. What do you mean by detraining?